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SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY EXPERIENCING VERY HIGH INFLUENZA ACTIVITY
IT IS NOT TOO LATE TO TAKE ACTIONS TO FIGHT THE FLU

STOCKTON (January 31, 2017) – Every year, influenza spreads across the country, from person to person, among families and communities. The severity of flu illness can vary from mild to severe. Flu-related complications can lead to hospitalization and sometimes even death.

Since the start of this year’s flu season, San Joaquin County Public Health Services (PHS) has received reports of eleven (11) people under 65 years of age with severe, laboratory confirmed influenza who were hospitalized in Intensive Care Units (ICU), and four deaths. In comparison to last year at this time, there were two patients hospitalized in ICU and no deaths.

As flu activity continues to increase in San Joaquin County, we encourage residents to “Take 3” actions to fight the flu:

#1. Take time to get the current seasonal influenza (flu) vaccine
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends a yearly seasonal flu vaccine as the first and most important step in protecting against seasonal influenza viruses. Since it takes up to two weeks after vaccination for full immunity to take effect; anyone who has not already been vaccinated should do so NOW. Everyone six months of age and older should get the flu vaccine as soon as possible.
- Vaccination is especially important for people at high risk of serious flu complications, including young children, pregnant women, people with chronic health conditions like asthma, diabetes or heart and lung disease and people 65 years and older.
- Seasonal flu vaccine is also important for health care workers, child care workers and other people who live with or care for high risk people to keep from spreading flu to those at high risk.
- Flu vaccinations are still available at a wide variety of places, including doctors’ offices, local health department clinics, and community settings as well as in most retail pharmacies. With many forms of the influenza vaccine now available, check with your healthcare provider to decide the best option for you.
- At the PHS clinic in Stockton, flu shots are available during regular immunization hours for $20; but no one will be denied services for inability to pay. For more information on PHS Clinic schedules, visit the San Joaquin County Public Health Services website at www.sjcphs.org/Clinic/clinical_services or call 1-800-839-4949.
#2. Take everyday preventive actions to stop germs
- Cover your nose and mouth with a tissue when you cough or sneeze. Throw the tissue in the trash after you use it. If a tissue is not available, cough or sneeze into your elbow.
- Wash your hands often with soap and water. If soap and water are not available, use an alcohol-based hand rub.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose or mouth.
- Clean and disinfect surfaces and objects that may be contaminated with germs.
- Try to avoid close contact with sick people.
- If you are sick with flu-like illness, CDC recommends that you stay home for at least 24 hours after your fever is gone except to get medical care or for other necessities. (Your fever should be gone without the use of a fever-reducing medicine.)
- While sick, limit contact with others as much as possible to keep from infecting them.

#3. Take flu antiviral drugs if your doctor prescribes them
- If you get the flu, antiviral drugs can treat your illness.
- Antiviral drugs are different from antibiotics. They are prescription medicines (pills, liquid or an inhaled powder) and are not available over-the-counter.
- Antiviral drugs can make your illness milder and shorten the time you are sick. They may also prevent serious flu complications, like pneumonia.
- It’s very important that antiviral drugs be used early to treat people who are very sick with the flu (for example, people who are in the hospital) and people who are sick with the flu and have a greater chance of getting serious flu complications, either because of their age or because they have a high risk medical condition.

The symptoms of influenza, which tend to come on suddenly, may include fever (usually high), chills, headache, extreme tiredness, dry cough, sore throat, runny or stuffy nose, body aches, and sometimes diarrhea and vomiting. People experiencing flu-like symptoms should call their health care provider if they have severe symptoms, trouble breathing, are pregnant, or have underlying medical conditions.

For more information about seasonal influenza visit the websites below:
- San Joaquin County Public Health Services, www.sjcphs.org
- California Department of Public Health, www.cdph.ca.gov
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, www.cdc.gov/flu

Attachment: It’s Up to You to Stop the Flu flyer
SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES REMINDS YOU:
It’s up to YOU to STOP the FLU!

1. WASH HANDS
   After coughing or sneezing, always clean hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand sanitizer.

2. KNOW THE SYMPTOMS
   The symptoms of both types of flu include fever, cough, sore throat, body aches, headache, chills and fatigue.

3. COVER COUGHS
   Always cough or sneeze into a tissue or the crook of your arm.

4. #1 GET VACCINATED
   The Flu Vaccine is safe for all members of your family, even pregnant Moms and children six months and older.

5. STAY HOME
   If you have Flu like symptoms, avoid close contact with others and stay home from work or school.

6. KILL FLU GERMS
   Flu germs can live on both wet and dry surfaces! To prevent the spread of the Flu, keep bathroom surfaces, bedside tables, kitchen counters, phones and toys clean with a household cleaner.

For More Information Visit San Joaquin County Public Health Services online at www.sjcphs.org